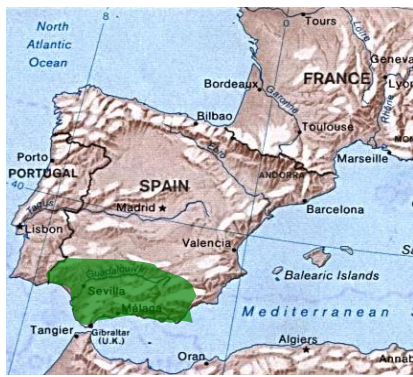


Autochthonous species for provision of ecosystems services



Madrid May 11th 2017
José A. Gómez, PhD.

Introduction



IAS-CSIC: 36 researchers, aprox. 250 people.

Soil Erosion Laboratory: José A. Gómez, Gema Guzmán, Manuel Redondo, Auxiliadora Soriano, Azahara Ramos, Clemente Trujillo, José Manuel Cabezas, Elena de Luna, Ignacio Lorite, Ángel Lora, Rafael Pérez, José Mora, Enriqueta Martín Fernández, .



Instituto de Investigación y Formación Agraria y Pesquera
CONSEJERÍA DE AGRICULTURA, PESCA Y DESARROLLO RURAL



What are we taking about?

ndaries) plays a
n services.

5- Regulation

6- Producti

HABITAT MANAGEMENT ON THE PANNONIAN GRASSLANDS IN HUNGARY

2006-2010

(LIFE05 NAT/HU/000117)

CONSEJO SUPERIOR DE INVESTIGACIONES CIENTÍFICAS

SOSTENIBLE IAS



Why autochthonous?





in authorized



[\[VOLVER A GRUPO AGROSA\]](#) [\[CATÁLOGO GENERAL\]](#)

FORRAJERAS

Cubiertas Vegetales

Forrajas



Variedad	Ciclo	Fecha de siembra	Terrenos	Ahijamiento	Resistencia enfermedades	Producción	Calidad	PDF
Vegeta	Perenne	SEP-FEB	Secano	Bueno	Resistente			PDF

Who provide this?

Usually SME. sometimes larger companies but only a very



issues/bottlenecks?



Cost. Out of range of agricultural sector, particularly in non-intensive crops.

Complex administrative procedures.
Duplicated requirements for processing, dead-ends for certification.

I wonder if it is only an Spanish issue

Quality of the product.
It greatly varies across suppliers.

Limitations in quantity and species.

Basic and applied research on species and mixes in agricultural or engineering environments, seeding.

Annraisal



Large potential for providing moderate opportunities linked to the territory.

changing management



What is been trying?

- 1- Basic research through I+D programs or more applied programs (e.g. LIFE).
- 2- Emerging initiatives through the EIP. Operational group in multiplication and processing technologies.
- 3- Rural development plan incentive use (through subsidies) of use of mixes.

Comments

- 1- It is very interesting situation where increasing orientation of CAP on environmental services can have a large impact on agricultural areas.
- 2- The weakest point is the industrial base, which seems to be a clear case of activity attached to the territory in rural areas.
- 3- It needs tailored actions to address bottlenecks and consolidating the sector (beyond subsidizing its use) to become a reality.

